UNIVERSITY COLLEGE HOSPITAL ACT

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTION
1. Short title.
2. Establishment of the Hospital.
3. Establishment of the Board.
4. Composition, functions, etc., of the Board.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE HOSPITAL ACT

An Act to provide for the establishment of a Teaching Hospital and for a Board of Management for the hospital.

[26 of 1952. 10 of 1953. 32 (2) and (3). Schedule 16 of 1954. 3 of 1955. 10 of 1956. L.N. 131 of 1954. 120 of 1957.]

[16th October, 1952]

[Commencement.]

1. Short title

This Act may be cited as the University College Hospital Act.

2. Establishment of the hospital

There shall be established at Ibadan a teaching hospital to be known as the University College Hospital, which shall be capable of providing such facilities as are usually provided in medical schools forming part of a university for the instruction of medical students in such subjects as are usually taught in such schools.

3. Establishment of the Board

There shall be established for the management of the hospital a Board of Management to be known as the University College Hospital Board of Management, which shall be a body corporate with perpetual succession and a common seal, and may in its corporate name sue and be sued and, for and in connection with the purposes of this Act, may acquire, hold and dispose of movable and immovable property.
4. Composition, functions, etc., of the Board

The composition, functions and powers of the Board established under section 3 of
this Act shall be as provided for in the University Teaching Hospitals (Reconstitution of
Board, etc.) Act.

[Cap. U15.]

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE HOSPITAL ACT

SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

List of Subsidiary Legislation

1. Medical Laboratory Trainees Regulations.
2. University College Hospital (Hospital Fees) Regulations.

MEDICAL LABORATORY TRAINEES REGULATIONS

[L.N. 76 of 1958.]

under sections 4 and 16

[10th April, 1958]

[Commencement.]

1. Short title

These Regulations may be cited as the Medical Laboratory Trainees Regulations.

2. Students in medical laboratory technology

It shall be permissible for the University College Hospital to accept nominees of the
State governments or of the Federal Government as students in medical laboratory technology.

3. Fees

There shall be payable by the Government concerned an amount of ₦200 per annum
in respect of each such student and a proportion thereof in respect of any portion of a
year.
UNIVERSITY COLLEGE HOSPITAL (HOSPITAL FEES)
REGULATIONS
[L.N. 42 of 1973.]
under sections 7, 14 (3) of Cap. U1 and section 4
[Commencement.]
[3rd July, 1973]

1. Fees chargeable

The University College Hospital shall charge the fees specified in the Schedule to these Regulations in respect of the facilities referred to in the said Schedule.

2. Short title

These Regulations may be cited as the University College Hospital (Hospital Fees) Regulations.

_______________________________

SCHEDULE
[Regulation I.]

PART I

In-patients

A. Exemption from all charges

1. No charges shall be paid under Part I of this Schedule for accommodation, maintenance or medical or nursing attention, by patients in the following categories-

(a) members of the staff (both established and unestablished) employed by the University College Hospital, their wives and children;

(b) persons certified as paupers by the Head Medical Social Worker;

(c) persons receiving treatment or advice for pulmonary tuberculosis or incurable malignant disease;

(d) persons who, on the certification of the head of the department concerned are admitted into the hospital solely for the purpose of specialised research;

(e) the holder of a post in the permanent establishment of the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Ibadan.

B. I

Charges for maintenance and accommodation only

Charges for maintenance and accommodation only shall be levied on the persons listed below-

(a) members of the medical, dental, para-medical and nursing professions employed in their professional capacities by the Governments of the Federation and mission hospitals;
(b) all children under the age of sixteen years (with the exception of charges made for spectacles and dentures);

(c) a member of the Board of Management of University College Hospital, his wife and children;

(d) the servants of officers holding senior appointments in the University College Hospital.

Charges for accommodation and maintenance of persons referred to above shall be at the following daily rates-

Any patient-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income Range</th>
<th>Charge (₦)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) whose income exceeds 7,000</td>
<td>4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) whose income exceeds 4,000 but does not exceed 7,000</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) whose income exceeds 2,000 but does not exceed 4,000</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) whose income exceeds 1,000 but does not exceed 2,000</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) whose income does not exceed 1,000</td>
<td>50k</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Children under sixteen years, school children and students undergoing full-time education shall be charged at half the rates applicable to adult patients.

B. II

Charges for treatment, accommodation and maintenance

Charges at the following daily rates shall be paid by all other in-patients in respect of accommodation, maintenance and treatment inclusive of charges for medical and nursing attention-

Any patient-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income Range</th>
<th>Charge (₦)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) whose income exceeds 7,000</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) whose income exceeds 4,000 but does not exceed 7,000</td>
<td>6.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) whose income exceeds 2,000 but does not exceed 4,000</td>
<td>4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) whose income exceeds 1,000 but does not exceed 2,000</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) whose income does not exceed 1,000</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOT E.-After 30 days, fees under B. I and B. II above are to be reduced as following for long staying patients-

(a) after 30 days, fees are to be reduced to 50 per cent of normal charges;
(b) after 90 days, fees are to be reduced to 25 per cent of normal charges.
SCHEDULE-continued

B.III

Amenity beds

Inclusive charges for medical and nursing attention, accommodation and maintenance shall be levied on all persons admitted to private wards at their own request (and irrespective of whether they are included in any of the categories in section A and B above) at the daily rate of 10.

B. IV

Charges for maternity cases

The following additional charges shall be levied on in-patients whether or not occupying an amenity bed but not on in-patients under section A (a) who are to pay 50 per cent of the charges-

Any patient-

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
(i) & \text{whose income exceeds } \text{N} 7,000 \text{ per annum} \quad \text{......................} \\
(ii) & \text{whose income exceeds } \text{N} 4,000 \text{ per annum but does not exceed N} 7,000 \quad \text{..........................} \\
(iii) & \text{whose income exceeds } \text{N} 2,000 \text{ per annum but does not exceed N} 4,000 \quad \text{..........................} \\
(iv) & \text{whose income exceeds } \text{N} 1,000 \text{ per annum but does not exceed N} 2,000 \quad \text{..........................} \\
(v) & \text{whose income does not exceed } \text{N} 1,000 \text{ per annum} \quad \text{..................} \\
\end{array}
\]

\[k \text{ k}\]

B.V

Charges for surgical cases

The following additional charges shall be levied on in-patients whether or not occupying an amenity bed but not on in-patients under section A or B. I (a) and (b) of these Regulations-

Any patient-

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
(i) & \text{whose income exceeds } \text{N} 7,000 \text{ per annum} \quad \text{.........} \\
(ii) & \text{whose income exceeds } \text{N} 4,000 \text{ per annum but does not exceed N} 7,000 \quad \text{...............} \\
(iii) & \text{whose income exceeds } \text{N} 2,000 \text{ per annum but does not exceed N} 4,000 \quad \text{...............} \\
(iv) & \text{whose income exceeds N} 1,000 \text{ per annum but does not exceed N} 2,000 \quad \text{...............} \\
(v) & \text{whose income does not exceed N} 1,000 \text{ per annum} \quad \text{......} \\
\end{array}
\]

\[\text{Operations}\]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Major</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>\text{N}</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\text{N}</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\text{N}</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\text{N}</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\text{N}</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Provided that charges are made not more than twice for patients operated upon on more than two occasions during the course of one admission.

For the purposes of this regulation "Major" and "Other" operations are the operations respectively so described in the Schedule to these Regulations and any other kind of operation which the House Governor may from time to time classify as falling under one of these headings.

B.VI

Charges for patients from outside Nigeria

Inclusive charges for medical and nursing attention, accommodation and maintenance shall be levied on all persons (not being citizens of, or employed in, the Federal Republic of Nigeria) admitted into hospital irrespective of whether or not they are included in sections A (b) and (d) above.

The daily rate charge shall be ₦20 excluding cost of Surgical operations, etc.

B.VII

Charges for special appliances

Charges for all appliances including artificial limbs supplied to any patient by the hospital shall be at cost price.

In case of people who fall ill while attending conferences organised in Nigeria, either by the hospital or the University of Ibadan, charges shall be made both as out-patients and in-patients. In-patients will be charged at the rate of ₦10 a day.

B.VIII

Charges for non-standard diet

An additional charge of ₦1 per day shall be levied on all in-patients who elect to have wholly or in part a non-standard diet. This additional charge shall be made regardless of the income of patients and whether they are included in any of the categories in section A or B above.

PART II

Out-patients

A. Exemption from charges

No charges shall be paid under this part of this Schedule for out-patients treatment of any kind by the persons detailed in sections A and B. I of Part I of these Regulations.

B. Charges shall be levied on all other persons as follows-

   (i) General out-patients-On first attendance a fee of 50k will be charged to cover all treatment for one week from the date of payment.

       A further charge of 50k will be made for each subsequent period of one week or part thereof.

   (ii) Casualty department-Medical attendance-

       Between 7.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. 50k on first attendance;

   (a)
(b) Between 5 p.m. and 7 a.m. on first attendance provided that the medical officer on duty shall have power to authorise payment of the normal charge of 50k in cases of trauma and medical emergencies;

(c) For non-emergency cases on Sundays and public holidays on first attendance.

The payment of the prescribed fee will be valid for treatment for a period of one week, or part thereof in either casualty or the G.O.P. department.

Operations for out-patient day cases will be at the following rates-

Any patient-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income Range</th>
<th>Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Income exceeds ₹ 7,000</td>
<td>10k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income exceeds ₹ 4,000 but does not exceed ₹ 7,000</td>
<td>6k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income exceeds ₹ 2,000 but does not exceed ₹ 4,000</td>
<td>6k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income exceeds ₹ 1,000 but does not exceed ₹ 2,000</td>
<td>4k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income does not exceed ₹ 1,000</td>
<td>2k</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(iii) Patients referred to consultant clinics (including those referred directly from casualty general out-patient, outside hospitals or medical practitioners).

Any patient-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income Range</th>
<th>Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Income exceeds ₹ 7,000</td>
<td>10k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income exceeds ₹ 4,000 but does not exceed ₹ 7,000</td>
<td>8k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income exceeds ₹ 2,000 but does not exceed ₹ 4,000</td>
<td>6k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income exceeds ₹ 1,000 but does not exceed ₹ 2,000</td>
<td>4k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income does not exceed ₹ 1,000</td>
<td>2k</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE.-This charge to cover attendance at consultant clinic for the first month. Patients continuing to attend consultant clinics after a month shall pay half the above charges for each month except those with incomes of under ₹ 1,000 who will pay the same as general out-patients, i.e. 50k for each week (attendance).

NOTE.-If a patient is referred to two out-patient clinics, he will have to pay at the two clinics.

(iv) The payments stated in paragraphs (i) and (ii) may be deferred at the discretion of the doctor or sister in charge at the time of attendance of a seriously ill patient. In such a case, the charge becomes payable at the time of the next visit.

(v) Ante-natal clinic-A fee of ₹10 will be payable at the time of booking to cover all attendances during pregnancy and attendance at the post-natal clinic until discharged. The fee charged will not include maintenance or delivery in hospital, for which the charges laid down in section B of Part I of these Regulations will be applicable.

(vi) The following additional charges shall be levied on all outpatients irrespective of the attendance fees they may have paid under section B (I)-(III) above for services outlined at (a)-(g) below-
(a) Radiological services-

(i) For each routine x-ray .............................................................. 1
(ii) For each minor special examination .................... 5
(iii) For each major special examination ................................. 10
(iv) X-ray examination and report for outside agencies ................. 10
(v) For reporting on outside agencies x-ray films ...................... 2

(b) Physiotherapy services-

(i) For physiotherapy treatment for one week or part thereof ........ 1
(ii) Provided that a complete course of treatment shall not exceed ....... 16
(iii) Charges for plaster of Paris, etc. (immobilising appliances) ........ 2
(iv) Charges for cervical collar .................................................... 1
(v) Charges for cervical collar (children) ..................................... 0.50
(vi) Aeroplane splints for children plaster ................................. 1
(vii) Aeroplane splints for children plastic ................................. 1

A deposit of $3 shall be charged for a pair of crutches. If they are returned in good condition within a period of six months, there will be a refund of $1.50k. After a period of six months, the deposit is forfeited.

(c) Pathological services-

(i) For each examination (per unit) provided that the maximum amount to be charged for a single examination shall not exceed $10 .... 1

The number of units depends on the complexity of the test as shown in the Appendix.

(d) Ophthalmic services-

Refraction ................................................................. 2

(e) Pharmaceutical services-

Expensive drugs .................. 25 per cent of cost
Medium ........................................ 20 per cent of cost
Cheap ........................................... Full cost

The classification of drugs under this heading in the Appendix.
SCHEDULE-continued

(f) Injections-

For each injection administered in hospital .............................................. 20
The fees for all the injections must be paid in advance.

(g) Mortuary-

Charges for keeping corpses of persons who died not as in-patients of the hospital in the mortuary are as follows-

For the first week or part thereof ............................................................... 14
For each day thereafter ................................................................. 3
Simple embalming .................................................................................... 25

In the case of in-patients who died in the hospital, the above charges shall apply after 7 (seven) days of death.

PART III

General

1. Fees payable by an in-patient shall be assessed on the basis of the income of such patient; a married woman shall be charged at the rate applicable to her husband or according to her own income, whichever may be higher.

2. Except where otherwise provided, payment of fees is required to be made as follows-

   (i) All sums due from out-patients must be paid before patients are allowed to see the medical officer in the clinic except in cases of medical emergencies.

   (ii) Patients admitted are required to pay a deposit equal to the assessed charge for a 14 day stay in the hospital but in exceptional cases the house governor may authorise deposit for a lesser period. Subsequent accounts are to be raised weekly in advance; if the final total charge is less than the deposit, the balance shall be refunded to the patient.

   (iii) Payment for services to be rendered to outside agencies must be made before such services are rendered in the laboratories, etc.: Provided that in the case of government hospitals, this stipulation may be waived at the discretion of the House Governor as long as previous debts have been settled.

3. All sums received by the hospital authority shall be paid into the account of the hospital and shown in the annual financial accounts of the hospital. No department is allowed to receive fees for services rendered on behalf of the hospital.

4. Any person who considers that his income has been assessed at an excessive figure shall have the right of appeal to the house governor against such assessment.

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in Parts I, II and III of these Regulations, the house governor may waive or reduce the fees chargeable if he is satisfied that in all the circumstances of the case the financial position of the person warrants such a waiver or reduction.
6. A senior appointment in the University College Hospital for the purpose of these Regulations is one carrying an initial basic salary of ₦2,140 per annum or more.

APPENDIX I

Expensive drugs - 25 per cent of cost

Antibiotics (Colomycin, Ampicillin, Cloxacillin, Erythromycin, Nystatin, Fucidin, Lincomycin, Spectinomycin)
Antihypertensives (Methyldopa, Debrisoquine)
Anti-inflammatory (Brufen)
Antileprotics (Lamprene)
Antiobesity (Ponderax, Lucofen)
Asthmatic preparations (Isoprenaline Spray, Ventolin Tabs and Spray Medihaler)
Chemotherapeutics (Septrin)
Corticosteroids (Oral) Hydrocortisone, Cortisone
Corticosteroids (Topical) Synalar, Betnoviate, Vioform (with Hydrocortisone)
Decongestant nasal sprays (Tyzine)
Cytotoxics and Antitumour (Methotrexate, Purinethol, Natulan) Vincristine
Psychotropics (Surmontil, Melleril, Sinequan, Nobrium)
Urinary Antiseptics (Naladixic Acid)

Cheap drugs - full cost

Analgesics
Antacids
Anthelmintics
Antidiarrhoeals
Antimalarials
Antipyretics
Cough Expectorants and Sedatives
Calenical Mixtures (B.P.C. and B.N.F.)
Iron Tabs (see exceptions under medium price drugs)
Laxatives
Vitamin Tabs/Caps
Medium price drugs - 50 per cent of cost

- Antiamoebic
- Antibiotics (with the exception of drugs listed under Expensive Drugs)
- Anticoagulants
- Anticonvulsants
- Antidepressives
- Antiemetics
- Antihistamines
- Anthypertensives (with the exception of drugs listed under Expensive Drugs)
- Antileprotics
- Antiseptics
- Antispasmodics
- Antitubercular
- Asthmatics
- Cardiac reactants
- Dermatological Preparations (with the exception of drugs listed under Expensive Drugs)
- Diuretics
- Filaricides
- Hypnotics
- Hypoglycaemics (Oral)
- Hypoglycaemics (Parenteral)
- Ophthalmic Preparations (with the exception of drugs listed under Expensive Drugs)
- Sedatives
- Sui phanomides
- Thyroid and Antithyroid preparations
- Tranquilisers (with the exception of drugs listed under Expensive Drugs)
- Ear/Nose Preparations (with the exception of drugs listed under Expensive Drugs)
- Pancreatic Extracts (Oral)
- Urinary Antiseptics (with the exception of drugs listed under Expensive Drugs)
APPENDIX II

Classification of radiological examinations

A. Routine plain films

Chest X-Rays
Abdomen X-Rays, etc.

B. Minor special procedures

I.V.P.
Oral Cholecystogram
Intravenous Cholecystogram
Fistalogram
Venograms
Sinogram
Barium Swallow
Barium Meal
Barium Enema
Cystogram
Dacrocystogram

C. Major special procedures

Hystero-Saplingogram
All Angiograms
Pneumoencephalogram
Air Ventriculogram
Spenoportograms
Pelvic Pneumogram
Tomogram

Pathological examinations

Chemical pathology-

Bilirubin
CSF or Blood Sugar.......................... 1 unit
Urea
Cholesterol
B.S.P. Amylase .......................................................... 2 Units
Uric Acid .............................................................. 2 Units
APPENDIX II—continued

Acid Phosphatase
Alkaline Phosphatase 2 Units
Electrolytes
LFT (full-investigations)
Enzymes- Transaminases or Aldolase or CPK, Ca and P04
Latex Tests
17 Ketosteroids
Pregnancy Test
Immunoglobulins ......................................................... 3 Units
Protein + Electrophoresis
Creatinine
Glucose Tolerance
d-Xylose Excretion
Renal Function

Gastric function-s-
Kay's Augmented Histamine
Hollander's Post Vagotomy

Endocrine function—«
Water Load and Dilution ............................................ 3 Units
Insulin Tolerance
Stimulation or Suppression
¹³¹ I Neck Uptake

Schling Test ............................................................... 4 Units
Radio-immunoassay

Medical microbiology

Microscopy only-
Blood Films
Stools for Intestinal Parasites
Urine Deposits ............................................................ 1 Unit
Sputum for A.F.B.
Other Investigations as relevant
Microscopy, culture and sensitivity tests

Where relevant-

Urine Examinations
Wound Swabs
Throat Swabs ......................................................... 2 Units
Sputum Samples (excluding TB.)
Vaginal Swabs
Pus and Exudates (excluding TB.) ............................

Microscopy, Culture of Faeces with Identification of Pathogens and Sensitivity Tests where relevant ...................................................... 4 Units
Blood Cultures, including Sensitivity Tests where relevant ..... 3 Units
C.S.F. Examinations, including Protein, Microscopy (Culture and Sensitivity (excluding TB.)) ....................................................... 3 Units

Serological examinations-

V.D.R.L. Test
Widal Test
Weil-Felix Test .......................................................... 4 Units
Brucella agglutinations
A.S.O. Titres
Latex Agglutination Test

Special investigations-

Complement Fixation Tests including R.P.C.F.T. ............ 6 Units
Fluorescent Antibody Tests, including FTA-200 ........... 8 Units
Identification of Bacterial Cultures sent from outside sources ................................................................. 6 Units

T.B. examinations-

Microscopy and culture only on Sputum, Urine, etc ....... 3 Units

Mycology samples-

Microscopy and Culture ................................. 4 Units
Identification of Cultures sent from outside ................ 4 Units

Venereology samples-

Examination of Discharges, Serology, etc., during entire course of treatment ...................................................... 10 Units
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample Type</th>
<th>Charge (Units)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous Samples for outside Agencies, not listed above</td>
<td>Charge to be determined according to nature of samples to be examined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pathology</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biopsy</td>
<td>2 Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Haematology</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCV, WBC, Platelet Count</td>
<td>1 Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blood Film Report</td>
<td>1 Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haemoglobin Electrophoresis</td>
<td>1 Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prothrombin Time</td>
<td>1 Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G6PD Screening Test</td>
<td>1 Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bone Marrow Report</td>
<td>2 Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serum Iron and Iron binding Capacity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Blood transfusion</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.B.o. and Phesus Grouping</td>
<td>2 Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crossmatching</td>
<td>3 for 6 Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct Coombs' Test</td>
<td>2 Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antenatal Antibody Screening</td>
<td>3 Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investigation of Blood Transfusion Reaction</td>
<td>10 Units</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SCHEDULE**

[Section B. V.]

**Surgical operations**

*Major*

- Abscess of brain
- Acute appendicitis
- Adenoma of Thyroid
- Amputation of hip
- Amputation of limbs, except fingers and toes (other) and thigh, shoulder and hip (major)
- Amputation of penis (total)
- Amputation of shoulder
- Amputation through thigh
Any operation involving intestinal suture
Appendicitis (non-acute)
Biliary fistula
Carcinoma of the colon
Cholecystectomy
Cholescy stenterostomy
Closure of faecal fistula or artificial anus
Complete prolapse of rectum involving laparotomy, colostomy or intestinal anastomosis
Complicated fistula
Craniotomy
Cystectomy
Depressed facture
Diverticulitis
Double inguinal hernia
Drainage of bile ducts
Drainage of gall bladder
Empyema
Enterotomy, colotomy, colostomy
Epithelioma of the anus
Epithelioma of lip with excision of glands
Epithelioma of the tongue with radical operation upon the glands
Excision of cysts or tuberculous glands of neck (deep to deep fascia)
Excision of larger joints
Excision of rectum
Gastrectomy
Gastro-enterostomy
Gastrostomy
Hernia (strangulated or irreducible)
Haemorrhoidectomy
Hydatid of lung or liver
Implantation of radium or randa seeds in the cranium, chest, abdomen or bladder
Intestinal obstruction (including Intussusception)
Laminectomy
Hernia-inguinal, femoral umbilical or ventral (simple)
Imperforate anus
Nephrectomy
Litholapaxy
Meningeal haemorrhage
Nephrectomy
Perforated ulcer of the alimentary tract
Peritonitis (tuberculous, pneumococcal)
Prefrontal leucotomy
Prostatectomy
Pyelo or nephro-lithotomy
Radical removal of breast
Rammstedt's operation
Radical operation for anal fissure
Removal of stone from ureter
Rupture of bladder
Rupture of urethra
Splenectomy
Sacro-coccygeal dermoid sinus
Suprapubic cystostomy
Sympathectomy
Thyroidectomy
Transplantation of ureters
Tumour of the brain
Subphrenic abscess requiring trans-thoracic or trans-peritoneal access

*Other*

Abscess of prostate
Abscess

Amputation of fingers or toes
Amputation of penis (partial)

Any condition treated by surgical diathermy under general anaesthesia, other than mouth, or tongue, or bladder
Blood transfusion (grouping and expenses of donor extra)
Castration
Cystocopy
Dilation of anus for fissure
Dilation of rectal stricture
Dilation of urethra
Diathermy to growths of bladder
Division of fibrous anus
Examination under anaesthetic

Other

Hydrocele (radical)
Implantation of radium or radon seeds for treatment of skin tumour
Implantation of radium or radon seeds except where included under "Major"
Induction of pneumothorax
Injection of Gasserian ganglia
Injection for pruritus ani
Prolapse of rectum
Rectal polypi
Simple removal of whole breast
Ischiorecta abscess
Lupus
Pyelography (not including service of radiologist)
Removal of anal warts and anal papillae
Removal of needles from hand or foot or elsewhere
Rodent ulcer not involving bone or eye
Sebaceous cysts
Tuberculous caseous glands of neck (curetting)
Varicocele

Gynaecological operations

Major
Vulva-vaginal

Anterior and posterior colporrhaphy with amputation of the cervix (Manchester operation)
Anterior and posterior colporrhaphy with vaginal hysterectomy (Mayo-Palmer operation)
Any vaginal operation when combined with coeliotomy, viz, colpoperineoplasty with ventrofixation
Radical excision of vulva and glands
Repair of vaginal fistulae
Vaginal hysterectomy
Relief of atresia vaginae

_Uterus and adnexa_

Cyst of the broad ligament
Hysterectomy
Myomectomy
Salpingectomy (acute inflammation, complicated pyo- or hydrosalpinx, extra-uterine gestation)
Ovariectomy
Salpingectomy or Salpingostomy

_Other_

_Vulvo-vaginal_

Anterior and posterior colporrhaphy
Colporrhaphy and/or perineorrhaphy
Cauterisation
Cysts or simple tumour of the vulva and vagina
Removal of caruncle
Urethral prolapse
Colpotomy

_Uterus and adnexa_

Dilatation with intra-urane operations
Evacuation of retained products

_Cervix_

Dilatation
Insufflation
Removal of polypi

Note: EV A, Biopsy of Cervix, Diagnostic Curetage are excluded, as they count as biopsies and are therefore free.

_Ear, nose and throat operations_

_Major_

Extensive operative treatment of malignant disease
Open, i.e. external, operation on the larynx and pharynx (exclusive of laryngotomy)
SCHEDULE-continued

Open operations on the nasal accessory sinuses
Operations on the temporal bone exclusive of simple Mastoidectomy
Simple tracheotomy
Mastoidectomy
Reduction of long standing facial bones
Operative treatment of malignant disease involving skin of face only

Other

Diagnostic peroral endoscopy
Opening of quinsies
Mastoidectomy-Drainage of mastoid abscess
Myringotomy
Reduction of fractured nose
Operative peroral endoscopy (i.e. bronchoscopy, oesophagoscopy and laryngoscopy)
Intra-nasal operations
Removal of tonsils or adenoids
Simple removal of nasal polypi

Ophthalmic operations

Major

Corneal grafting
Conical cornae
Corneal abscision or tattooing
Corneal wound
Detachment of retina
Epicanthus
Exenteration of lachrymal sac, all methods
Exenteration or orbit
Excision of rodent ulcer
Excision of evisceration of eyeball
Exploration of orbit
Extraction of senile cataract
Glaucoma, acute or chronic
Iridectomy
Kronlein's operation
Operation for dislocated lens  
Ptosis  
Reconstruction of eyelids  
Needling capsule after senile cataract  
Needling juvenile cataract  
Orbital abscess  
Randon applications for neoplasm  
Removal of intraocular foreign body  
Removal of intraorbital tumours  
Strabismus  

**Other**  
Canaliculus and lachrymal ducti exploration  
Cauterisation of conenal ulcer  
Chalazion  
Ectropion  
Entropion  
Excision of pterygium  
Lachrymal abscess  
Paracentesis  
Trichiasis  
Peritomy  
Removal of superficial dermoid  
Removal of foreign body embedded in cornea  
Suturing lid wounds  

**Orthopaedic operations**  

**Major**  
Amputation through thigh  
Amputation of limbs, except fingers and toes (other) and thigh, shoulder and hip (major)  
Closed reduction and fixation of fractures involving joints or shafts of larger bones  
Congenital club foot  
Congenital dislocation of the hip  
Disarticulation of the hip and shoulder  
Emergency operations for acute osteomyelitis and acute suppurative arthritis
Excision of cervical rib
Excision of larger joints
Internal derangement of the knee and other joints
Laminectomy
Open reduction of fractures
Operative treatment of compound fractures
Radical operations for bone tumour
Reconstructive operations on bones and joints-arthrodesis
  arthroplasty
  bone grafts
Repair of intricate tendon injuries
Secondary nerve sutures
Severe congenital and acquired deformities requiring open correction
Spina bifida
Tendon transplantation
Other orthopaedic operations requiring an equivalent degree of surgical skill
  Other
Excision of bursae communicating with larger joints
Manipulation of larger joints
Open correction of simpler deformities-
  Hallux valgus
  Hallux rigidus
  Pes cavus unilateral
  Torticollis
Primary nerve and tendon repairs
Amputations of toes and fingers
Application of plaster of Paris casts with or without anaesthesia
Hammer toe
Manipulation of smaller joints
Removal of exostoses
Removal of small bursae
Simple manipulation of tenotomy and plasters
SCHEDULE-continued

Plastic surgery operations

Major

Repair of hare-lip and/or cleft palate
Repair of syndactyly
Repair of hypospadias
Excision of maxilla
Excision of mandible
Tube pedicle repairs
Flap repairs
Major skin grafting operations
Skin grafting of major burns
Excision of bums
Excision of malignant lesions with plastic repair
Macillo-facial injuries, needing plastic repair
Major cosmetic work: e.g. on breast, nose, ears, etc.
Major reconstruction work following cancerous, leprosy infections
Vaginal reconstruction

Other

Scar excision
Excision of Keloids
Dressings under anaesthesia
Dental extractions
Eyelet wiring
Z-plastics and minor flap repairs
Excision of sloughs
Excision of benign lesions with plastic repair
Minor skin grafts